# FPGA accelerated application monitoring in 40 and 100G networks

Campus network monitoring and security workshop CESNET workshop, 24.4.2014





Petr Kastovsky kastovsky@invea.com

### **Company Introduction**



Czech university spin-off company





- Established in 2007
- 40+ employees, \$ 3M revenue



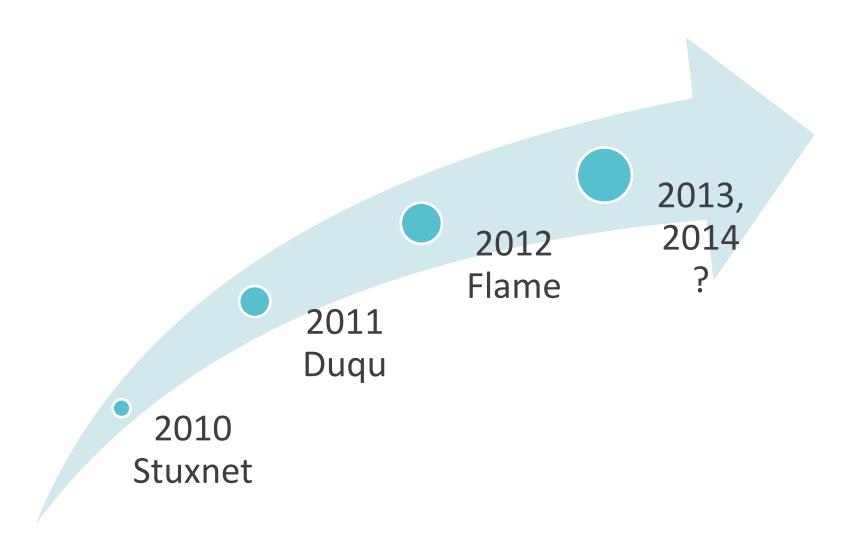


- Key focus
  - Hardware acceleration and FPGA Solutions
  - Flow Monitoring and Network Behavior Analysis
  - Lawful Interception and Data Retention

Products deployed at 500+ customers worldwide

### **Modern threats**





### Modern threats





21/2011 - 7 February 2

8 February 2011: Safer Internet Day

Nearly one third of internet users in the EU27 caught a computer virus

84% of internet users use IT security software for protection



Home Gadgets Apps & Web News Reviews & Features Compa

SECURITY

#### DNSChanger: FBI Warns Infected Computers Will Lose Web, Email Access in July

By MATT PECKHAM | @mattpeckham | April 23, 2012 | 8

29 August 2011, 13:27

# ACAD/Medre.A 10000's of AutoCAD files leaked in suspected industrial espionage

Y RIGHARD ZWIENENBERG POSTED 21 JUN 2012 AT 04:58AM

JSES REVEALED"





The malware news today is all about new targeted, high-tech, military grade malicious code such as Stuxnet, Duqu and Flamer that have grabbed headlines. So imagine our surprise when an AutoCAD worm, written in AutoLISP, the scripting language that AutoCAD uses, suddenly showed a big spike in one country on ESET's LiveGrid<sup>®</sup> two months ago, and this country is Peru.

#### IT Security & Network Security News

#### Japan's Largest Defense Contractor Hit by Cyber-Attackers







By: Fahmida Y. Rashid 2011-09-19 Article Rating: ជំជំជំជំជំ / 0

#### **Worm spreads via Windows Remote Desktop**

Anti-virus software vendor F-Secure is <u>warning</u> of a piece of malware by the name of Morto, which spreads using Windows' Remote Desktop Server (RDP server). It does not exploit a Windows security vulnerability; instead, it scans IP address ranges for RDP port 3389 and then tries to log in as an administrator to any computers which respond using a list of common passwords.



'It's a complete attack tool kit designed for general cyberespionage purposes.'

- Alexander Gostev, analyst, Kaspersky Lab

### **Modern threats**



Advanced Persistent Threats (APTs)

Industry espionage and targeted attacks

Zero-day attacks and polymorphic malware

Application specific attacks (Bleeding heart etc.)

# **Security tools**



- Wireshark
  - www.wireshark.org
- Snort
  - www.snort.org
- tcpdump
  - www.tcpdump.org
- FlowMon

  - www.invea.com/en/go/flowmon



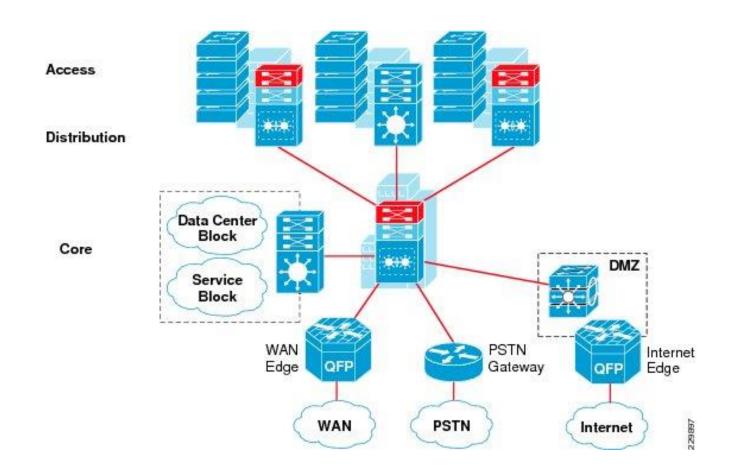




It all goes down to packet processing and analysis

# **Campus environment**





Source: CISCO: Borderless Campus Design and Deployment Models

# **Campus environment**



- Access layer 1G
- Core, distribution layer 10G

- Challenges
  - High bandwidth and line utilization
  - Transition to 40G, 100G technologies
  - Growing number of end users and devices
  - Growing number of services

### Workload



### 1G Ethernet

- Max load 1,48 Mpps, new packet every 670ns
- Standard network interface cards
- Single CPU core provides enough horse power

### 10G Ethernet

- Max load 14,88 Mpps, new packet every 67ns
- Network cards optimized for monitoring
- Multiple CPU cores horse power
- Smart traffic distribution necessary

# of cores	Arrival period	Free CPU time	3GHz CPU instructions
1	67ns	30ns	90
8	536ns	500ns	1500

### Workload



### 40G Ethernet

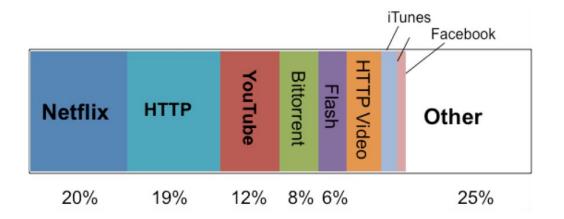
- Max load 59,5 Mpps, new packet in every 16,8ns
- 5GB/s (DVD), 300GB/min, 18TB/h, 432TB/day
- ~ 100 000 DVDs a day

### 100G Ethernet

- Max load 148,8 Mpps, new packet in every 6,7ns
- 12,5GB/s (~3 DVDs), 750GB/min, 45TB/h, 1080TB/day
- $\sim$  250 000 DVDs a day  $\rightarrow$  300m tall column
- Smart traffic filtering necessary



What can be dropped?



- When it can be dropped?
  - Only when it is known what is being dropped!



#### What do we need?

- Fast and efficient packet filtering to drop
- Intelligent and flexible traffic decoding when we know what

### **Platforms**



### Commodity hardware

- Cheap and flexible
- Limited I/O performance





- What do we need?
  - Fast and efficient packet filtering to drop
  - Intelligent and flexible traffic decoding when we know what

- Problems
  - Too many packets for software processing

### **Platforms**



### Commodity hardware

- Cheap and flexible
- Limited I/O performance



#### Dedicated hardware

- High I/O performance
- Expensive, limited flexibility





- What do we need?
  - Fast and efficient packet filtering to drop
  - Intelligent and flexible traffic decoding when we know what

- Problems
  - Too many packets for software processing
  - Traffic decoding too complex for hardware

### **Platforms**



- Commodity hardware
  - Cheap and flexible
  - Limited I/O performance



- Dedicated hardware
  - High I/O performance
  - Expensive, limited flexibility



- Commodity hardware + Hardware acceleration
  - Multi-core CPUs + FPGA network interface card
  - High I/O performance
  - Reasonable price
  - Flexible





- What we need?
  - Fast and efficient packet filtering to drop
  - Intelligent and flexible traffic decoding when we know what

- Problems
  - Too many packets for software processing
  - Traffic decoding too complex for hardware

- Hardware-software co-design
  - Filtering in hardware, decoding in software



### **HANIC**



Next generation of packet capture

#### FPGA card

- 80G 2x 40G, 8x 10G, PCI-E gen3 x8
- 100G 1x 100G (CFP2), PCI-E gen3 x16



#### Firmware

- Well-defined set of fast operations
- Forward, cut, drop, extract UH, update flow entry

### Software

- Drivers, tools, libraries, API
- Application decoders (DNS, HTTP, VoIP ...)

# **Summary**



- Fully software controlled hardware accelerator
  - Joint development effort with CESNET and UNIs
- Abstraction of network monitoring functions
  - Inspired by SDN, NFV
- Measurements at speeds over 100 Gbps
- Easy deployment of new monitoring tasks
  - without HW modifications
  - upon software application request
- Accelerates application-level processing





High-Speed Networking Technology Partner

Petr Kastovsky kastovsky@invea.com +420 774 799 726

INVEA-TECH a.s. U Vodárny 2965/2 616 00 Brno, Czech Republic www.invea.com

